



Cost & Land Area Effective, 600 cusecs (1468 MLD) Green Field Canal Linking Pumping Station set up in Ultra Low Time of just 65 Days; helps sustain Drinking Water for 2/3rd of Gujarat





Scenario: Summer 2018

- Abysmally low rainfall in Narmada basin in contrast to excellent rainfall in Mahi basin
- Water level in Narmada Dam depleted to record low resulting into reduction of Water Supply into NMcanal (which primarily feeds 'state's drinking water -grid) adversely affecting upto 4Crore Gujaratis.

'Horrific crisis lies ahead for state if monsoon fails'

Kanil Dave TNN | Undated: Apr 18, 2018, 10:53 IST

Gujarat Has No Contingency Plan Except For Using Groundwater

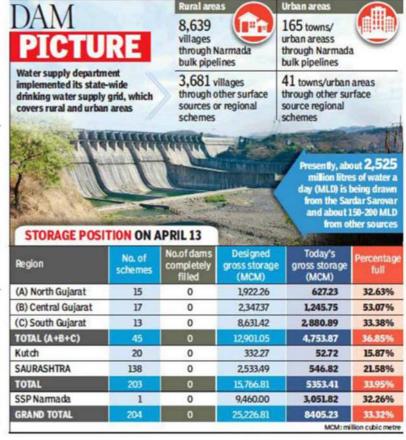
GANDHINAGAR: The Sardar Sarovar Narmada Dam project has rightly been called the lifeline of Gujarat, but the state is taking a big risk by making itself totally dependent on the Narmada and not developing other sources, as a contingency for unforeseen crises. Two consecutive bad monsoons would wreak havoc in state as 70% of its population and geographical area is now directly dependent on Narmada water. Seven of the state's eight municipal corporations, (large cities) directly depend on Narmada water, apart from 160 municipalities and 8,000 villages where the Narmada is the single main source of water for all needs.

Last year, Gujarat received reasonably good rains, however Madhya Pradesh, the catchment area of the SSP, had insufficient rain. Thus MP and Gujarat are facing a major water crisis. If there is a poor monsoon this year, there will be an unimaginable water crisis in the state and the state doesn't have a Plan B. Eighty per cent of catchment area of the Tapi, from where Surat and its surrounding region gets its water, is in Maharashtra, which also had insufficient rain last year.

The state has water in the Narmada to last only till June-end at the maximum till July 15. Experts warn that the state is staring at a major crisis if monsoon is delayed or fails. If like last year, Madhya Pradesh and Maharashtra do not get enough rain, Gujarat will face major water supply crisis.

The Sardar Sarovar Narmada dam and all other major sources will likely be exhausted by June 30 or July 15. The state will then have to use groundwater and less rain here could make the situation worse.

B N Nawalavala, the chief minister's advisor on water resources and former secretary in the ministry of water resources, said, "It is a fact that no one can deny that we have water only till July at the maximum. Though all forecasts predict normal rain, if there is a a drought or the monsoon is delayed, we have no other option groundwater use, which is also not possible everywhere, where the water table is already very deep, or the groundwater is not potable. The state government has decided to promote sea water desalination plants, but that will take time and the volume will be too little to meet our needs. Smaller plants can help in coastal areas. Considering the changing rain patterns, the state needs cut its dependence on the Narmada and rejuvenate local sources quickly. Over dependency on the Narmada is certainly risky in case of a prolonged drought."



Sagar Rabari, an farmer activist and social worker, said, "The Narmada dam was planned for irrigation only. It has now been turned into a drinking water project, as the CAG also observed that the state government did not develop alternative sources. The Narmada is now an over-exploited source. Farmers don't get Narmada water as the state has no other drinking water sources. Because of its massive corruption, the government has not focused on developing new resources. It is high time the state government ends this criminal negligence and works on long-term plans to ensure the water security of the state."

Solution



In a novel attempt, the GoG entrusted SSNNL to set up a Green Field Pumping Station of 600 cusecs (1468 MLD) to Lift Surplus water from Mahisagar River Basin's Mahi Right Bank Canal (MBRC) to the Narmada Main canal



Constraints

- Ultra Short Time: to sustain uninterrupted flow in the NMC; The PS had to commissioned phase wise:
 - i. 1st phase of 105cuses within 15days
 - ii. 2nd phase of 300cuses within additional 20days thereof -i.e. 35days
 - iii. 3rd phase of 600cuses within additional 20days thereof -i.e. 55days
- Limited Land: At Narmada/ Mahi canal crossing land (Area) available was limited & possibility of Additional Land Acquisition was nearly nil.
- Difficult Terrain: The Narmada MC is in Embankment (i.e. water flowing above Natural Ground level) & hence any Excavation in its vicinity even for pipeline laying was risky..!
- Fluctuating & Shallow Water depth in source MRBCanal

SubCF based Pumping Station was the natural choice, as it requires:

- i. Ultra Short Time,
- ii. Less Land,
- iii. SubCF pumpsets can be installed directly in Existing MRBCanal thereby Eliminating Deep Excavation Sumps
- Tolerates Shallow water depth of source canal being horizontal (further aided by restricting the use of larger flow rate pumps)
- v. Least Cost



Green field site at 19th March 2018

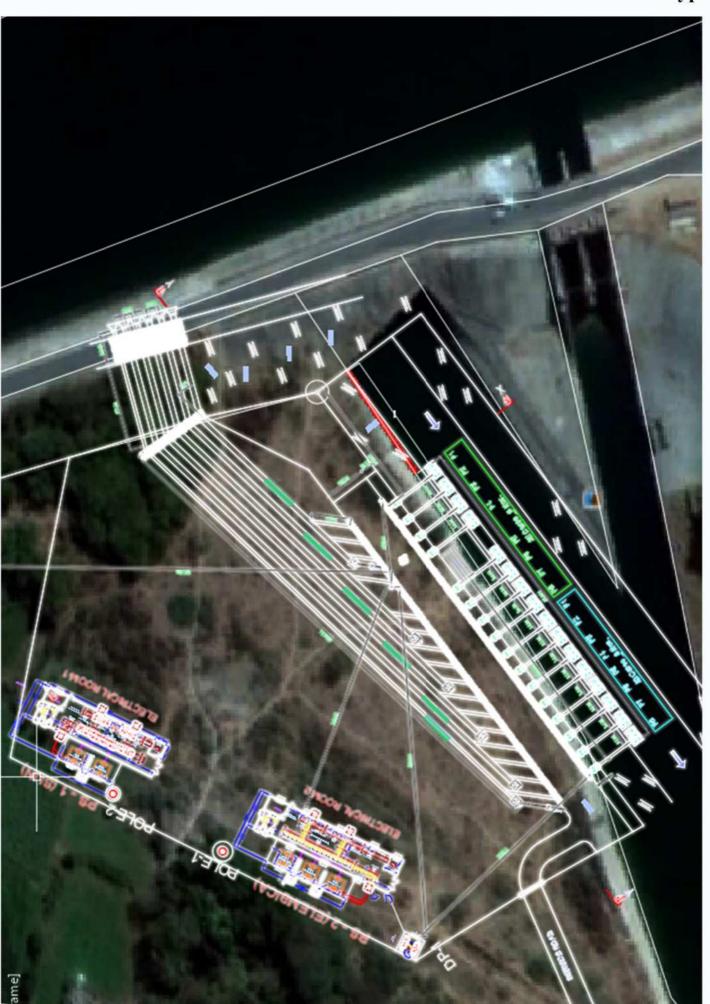


Finished site on 22nd May 2018















Sardar Sarovar Narmada Nigam Limited

(A wholly owned Government of Gujarat Undertaking)



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Date: 20-08-2018

Certificate

To whomsoever it may concern

This is to certify that the work of:

Supply, Installation, Testing & Commissioning of Submerged pumpsets with accessories and allied equipments for lifting of 600 cusecs raw water from Mahi (MRBC) Canal to Narmada Main Canal chainage 149.816 km near Padal village, Ta-Galteshwar, Dist-Kheda with 06 months O&M works has awarded to M/s AQUA Machineries Pvt Ltd, Ahmedabad dtd. 17-03-2018.

The Electro Mechanical works of lifting 600 cusecs (i.e. 35 cusecs X 8 nos and 40 cusecs X 8 nos = 600 cusecs, using AQUA make submerged centrifugal pumps sets) raw water from Mahi (MRBC) Canal to Narmada Main Canal chainage 149.816 km near Padal village has been commissioned on date 25/05/2018 by M/s AQUA Machineries Pvt. Ltd., Ahmedabad and is working satisfactorily till date.

> Executive Engineer, N.P. Canal Mechanical Division, SSNNL, Gandhinagar.







Three militants shot in Srinagar, police car runs over youth

Govt says incident 'looks deliberate', militant given gun salute at grave



uestions ICICI chief's husband

Mirwaiz and mother get for Umrah

pted by Swedish parents as a child, an finds her twin brother in Su



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Now, Mahi River Feeds Narmada Main Canal To Meet Drinking Water Needs

NARMADA THE LIFELINE









Work of supply, Installation, Testing & Commissing of Submerged pumpsets with accessories and allied equipments for lifting of 600 cusecs raw water from Mahi (MRBC) Canal to Narmada Main Canal chainage 149.816 km near Padal village, Ta-Thasara, Dist-Kheda with 06 months O&M works.

Owner : EE, N.P. Canal Mech. Division, SSNNL

Agency : Aqua Machineries Pvt. Ltd.

Date of Commencement

of Work

: 20/ 03/2018

Date of Completion

of Work

: 22/05/2018

Work Value : 2610.00 Lakh

Rating : 600 Cusecs (1468 MLD)

Pumpsets:

Type : Submerged Centrifugal

Rating : [8nos x 35 cusecs x 350 kW] + [8nos x 40 cusecs x 375 kW] x 24 m

Power Supply : 2 x 4 MVA (11kV), MGVCL

Transformers : 4 x 2750 kVA (11 kV to 0.433 kV)

Pipe lines : M.S. Pipe [5R x Ø1200 mm + 1R x Ø700 mm]

AQuA